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and available instrument for the thorough clinical assessment of a new diagnostic category of complex PTSD.

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Cyberpsychology: Impact of the Internet on Attitudes, Social Perception and Relationships

Fake News: More Time to Read, Less Possibilities to Believe?

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Dual process theory states that the less time a person has for a decision, the poorer their choices will be. Besides, people are truth biased - meaning they tend to see new information as accurate. In the context of fake news, time constraints make people more susceptible to false information. Therefore, the study's main aim was to analyze relationships between overall belief in fake news and discernment of fake news under different time constraints. In total, 504 pre-retirees and retirees of Lithuania participated in the research (69.7 percent were females). The mean age was 64.3 (range from 50 to 90 years). Participants read true and false news headlines taken from social media and were randomly divided into four groups: had 7 s, 10 s, 15 s, and no time restrictions for reading them. Two measures were calculated: how much the participant believed that the headline was accurate (overall belief) and how much he/she could distinguish between true and fake headlines (discernment). The study revealed that overall belief in news is higher and discernment of fake news is lower with higher time constraints. Results suggest that when 7 seconds were given to read a news headline, subjects indicated to believe them more and were worse at discerning true from fake headlines compared to conditions where 10 or 15 seconds were given or when no time constraints were assigned to read a news headline. These results seem to support dual process theory as an increase in fake news discernment and a decrease in overall belief in news seems not to be gradual. However, further work is necessary to understand better how people discern fake and true news under short time constraints. Also, it is important to investigate different other factors affecting overall belief in news and discernment of fake news.

Motivations Underlying Sexting Attitudes: Qualitative Approach

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Qualitative research on sexting is not at all rare internationally (for an overview, see Doyle et al., 2021). Despite this steady