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SILVER-TIN OXIDE NANOPARTICLES FOR SHELL ISOLATED NANOPARTICLE ENHANCED RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY

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Silver nanoparticles (Ag NPs) are suitable for constructing devices of optic, electronic, solar, etc. systems. The anti-pathogenic properties also make them attractive as diagnostic tools in medical sciences and environmental protection [1]. Any successful application requires modification of the silver surface. Different coatings (polymers, graphene, transition metals, etc.) prevent aggregation and degradation of Ag NPs and also solve potential biocompatibility issues. Ag core-shell systems are widely used in shell-isolated nanoparticle-enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SHINERS) [2]. Such nanoparticles scattered on the analyzed surface act as small amplifiers of the Raman signal. As a result, informative spectra of the analyte can be recorded (see in fig.).

Tin oxide is a promising protective coating as it is stable over a wide pH range, making Ag core-SnO₂ shell nanoparticles (Ag/SnO₂ NPs) convenient to use. This work reports the synthesis of up to 80 nm Ag/SnO₂ NPs coated with up to 10 nm of SnO₂. The Ag/SnO₂ NPs are appropriate for SHINERS experiments, and the SnO₂ shell is thick enough to prevent nanoparticle aggregation and preserve Raman signal intensity.

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